

## Annex D -

Potential institutions for the role of the National Drought Office, National Drought Commission and National Drought Authority

- Table D1: Hungary,

- Table D2: Serbia,

- Table D3: Slovenia.



Table D1: Potential institutions for the role of National Drought Office, Drought Commission and Drought Authority in Hungary are written in blue.

Leve	ls and bodies in ODMM & potential institutions in Hungary	Terms of reference (ToR) & communication flow
National Drought Authority (national decision-making level)		ightarrow Lead drought authority with legal power to declare national risk for drought
<ul> <li>General Directorate of Water Management (or supervising person from the Ministry of Interior),</li> <li>Hungarian Meteorologucal Service (or supervising person from the Ministry of Agriculture),</li> <li>Ministry for Innivation and Technology,</li> <li>Ministry of Finance,</li> <li>Representatives of the Parliament Committees on Sustainable Development, Economy, the Budget, Agriculture.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>When it is briefed and receives the proposals from the National Drought Commission, this authority makes the decision to declare higher drought alerts (orange or red), which automatically triggers the implementation of measures;</li> <li>lifting of the state of emergency.</li> </ul>
Inter-sectoral D	rought Advisory Board (national operational level)	→ Implementation of operational drought-related tasks at national level
→ National Drought Office	<ul> <li>General Directorate of Water Management,</li> <li>Hungarian Meteorological Servce,</li> <li>Central Statistical Office,</li> <li>Chamber of Agriculture.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Monitoring of weather-related drought situation on a regular basis;</li> <li>collecting weather-related information and sectoral data/reports provided by Reference Organisations in order to prepare synthesis reports on the current state of drought;</li> <li>taking the role of official channel for communicating drought issue to Reference Organisations and the public;</li> <li>convening regular meetings of the National Drought Commission;</li> <li>coordinating of national drought activities during all stages of drought.</li> </ul>
→ National Drought Commission	<ul> <li>Ministry of Interior (supervising organisation of the General Directorate of Water Management and the National Directorate General for Disaster Management),</li> <li>Ministry of Agriculture (suoervising organisation of the Hungarian Meteorological Serviceand the forests),</li> <li>Ministry of Finance,</li> <li>National Agricultural Research and Innovatin Centre (includes Research Institute of Forestry am Institute of Irrigation),</li> <li>Prime Minister's Office (among other rural development),</li> <li>Chamber of Agriculture,</li> <li>County level governments (20, incluing Budapest).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Discussing potential risks that the sectors may be facing;</li> <li>issuing technological recommendations (yellow drought alert);</li> <li>briefing the National Drought Authority about the worsening of the situation and proposing to declare a drought warning (orange alert) or a drought emergency (red alert).</li> </ul>



Table D2: P Potential institutions for the role of National Drought Office, Drought Commission and Drought Authority in Serbia are written in blue.

Lev	rels and bodies in ODMM & potential institutions in Serbia	Terms of reference (ToR) & communication flow
National Droug	ht Authority (national decision-making level)	→ Lead drought authority with legal power to declare national risk for drought
<ul> <li>National hydrometeorological service,</li> <li>Representative of the National Commission for Drought.</li> </ul> Representatives of the National Assembly Working Bodies: <ul> <li>Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management Committee,</li> <li>Environmental Protection Committee,</li> <li>Committee on the Economy, Regional Development, Trade, Tourism and Energy,</li> <li>Committee on Finance, State Budget and Control of Public Spending.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>When it is briefed and receives the proposals from the National Drought Commission, this authority makes the decision to declare higher drought alerts (orange or red), which automatically triggers the implementation of measures;</li> <li>lifting of the state of emergency.</li> </ul>
Inter-sectoral D	Prought Advisory Board (national operational level)	→ Implementation of operational drought-related tasks at national level
→ National Drought Office	National hydrometeorological service	<ul> <li>Monitoring of weather-related drought situation on a regular basis;</li> <li>collecting weather-related information and sectoral data/reports provided by Reference Organisations in order to prepare synthesis reports on the current state of drought;</li> <li>taking the role of official channel for communicating drought issue to Reference Organisations and the public;</li> <li>convening regular meetings of the National Drought Commission;</li> <li>coordinating of national drought activities during all stages of drought.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management,</li> <li>Ministry for Environmental Protection,</li> <li>Ministry of Interior,</li> <li>Sector for emergency,</li> <li>Ministry of Construction, Transport and Infrastructure,</li> <li>Ministry of finances,</li> <li>Ministry of trade, tourism and telecomunications,</li> <li>National hydrometeorological service,</li> <li>Statistical office of Serbia,</li> <li>Directorate for Commodity Reserves,</li> <li>Provincial Sekretariat for Agriculture, water management and forestryof AP Vojvodina,</li> <li>Provincial Secretariat for Urban Planning and Environmental Protection,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Discussing potential risks that the sectors may be facing;</li> <li>issuing technological recommendations (yellow drought alert);</li> <li>briefing the National Drought Authority about the worsening of the situation and proposing to declare a drought warning (orange alert) or a drought emergency (red alert).</li> </ul>



- Provincial Secretariat for Energy, Construction and Transport,
- Water Directorate,
- Public water management companies,
- Agricultural extension service,
- Chamber of Commerce,
- Farmer's associations,
- Faculties and research institutes,
- Drought and Excess Water Research and Monitoring Centre (established within the project WATERat RISK),
- Water supply companies,
- Food producing companies,
- Red Cross,
- Public heath institute Batut.



Table D3: Potential institutions for the role of National Drought Office, Drought Commission and Drought Authority in Slovenia are written in blue.

Lev	els and bodies in ODMM & potential institutions in Slovenia	Terms of reference (ToR) & communication flow
National Drought Authority (national decision-making level)		→ Lead drought authority with legal power to declare national risk for drought
Administration of the RS for Civil Protection and Disaster Relief		<ul> <li>When it is briefed and receives the proposals from the National Drought Commission, this authority makes the decision to declare higher drought alerts (orange or red), which automatically triggers the implementation of measures;</li> <li>lifting of the state of emergency.</li> </ul>
Inter-sectoral	Drought Advisory Board (national operational level)	→ Implementation of operational drought-related tasks at national level
→ National Drought Office	<ul> <li>Ministry of the Environment and Spatial Planning,</li> <li>Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Food,</li> <li>Agricultural and Forestry Chamber of Slovenia.</li> <li>Slovenian Environment Agency.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Monitoring of weather-related drought situation on a regular basis;</li> <li>collecting weather-related information and sectoral data/reports provided by Reference Organisations in order to prepare synthesis reports on the current state of drought;</li> <li>taking the role of official channel for communicating drought issue to Reference Organisations and the public;</li> <li>convening regular meetings of the National Drought Commission;</li> <li>coordinating of national drought activities during all stages of drought.</li> </ul>
→ National Drought Commission	<ul> <li>Ministry of the Environment and Spatial Planning,</li> <li>Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Food,</li> <li>Agricultural and Forestry Chamber of Slovenia.</li> <li>Slovenian Environment Agency,</li> <li>Slovenian Water Agency,</li> <li>Slovenian Forestry Institute,</li> <li>Slovenia Forest Service.</li> </ul> Reshape of the existing Drought commission group.	<ul> <li>Discussing potential risks that the sectors may be facing;</li> <li>issuing technological recommendations (yellow drought alert);</li> <li>briefing the National Drought Authority about the worsening of the situation and proposing to declare a drought warning (orange alert) or a drought emergency (red alert).</li> </ul>